

Decision-Making When Offshore Conditions Shift

Maintaining control, alignment, and operational discipline under pressure

By Chris Petersen | Offshore Operations Leadership

One of the questions I was recently asked during a conversation was:

"How do you usually approach decision-making when offshore conditions shift quickly and you still need to keep safety, execution flow, and contractor alignment stable at the same time?"

The more I thought about it afterward, the more I realized that question really gets to the heart of offshore operations — and what separates experienced operational leadership from simply pushing work forward.

People outside the offshore industry often imagine that offshore work is about reacting quickly, making rapid decisions under pressure, and constantly improvising. While there is certainly some truth to that — especially during dynamic operations — I would argue that experienced offshore personnel actually learn the opposite over time.

The longer you work in offshore and deepwater operations, the more you realize that the worst decisions are often made when people feel pressured to react too quickly.

Experience teaches you that when conditions begin changing rapidly offshore — whether due to weather, equipment performance, vessel position, simultaneous operations, changing client priorities, or unexpected technical issues — the first priority is usually not speed.

The first priority is control.

That may sound simple, but in real offshore operations maintaining control is often far more difficult than people realize.

Offshore projects involve multiple companies, multiple chains of command, operational schedules measured in hundreds of thousands of dollars per day, and complex technical systems operating in unforgiving environments. Add weather, fatigue, logistics constraints, client expectations, vessel limitations, and human factors into the equation, and even relatively small changes can quickly cascade into larger operational risks if not managed correctly.

Slowing Down Mentally Before Speeding Up Operationally

One of the biggest things experience teaches offshore personnel is the importance of slowing down mentally before speeding up operationally.

That does not mean stopping work unnecessarily or becoming paralyzed by process. It means recognizing that rapidly changing offshore conditions require disciplined evaluation rather than emotional reaction.

Over the years I have seen that the best offshore supervisors, client representatives, vessel leaders, OIMs, captains, and project managers are usually not the loudest people in the room or the ones rushing to prove decisiveness. They are often the individuals who can step back objectively, assess the situation calmly, and utilize the systems already in place to properly evaluate risk before proceeding.

That is where tools like Stop Work Authority, Management of Change, JSAs, hazard identification reviews, SIMOPS coordination, pre-job planning, and contractor communication become critical.

Unfortunately, there is sometimes a misconception among people outside the industry that these systems exist primarily for compliance or paperwork purposes. In reality, when used properly, these processes are some of the most valuable operational tools we have offshore.

The offshore industry learned many hard lessons over decades of operations — often through incidents, equipment failures, injuries, environmental events, and operational losses. Most modern offshore safety and operational management systems were written in response to real-world failures somewhere in the industry.

The experienced offshore personnel understand this.

That is why, contrary to what some people may believe, most operators and contractors in the Gulf of America generally do not expect offshore leadership to blindly push through changing conditions just to maintain schedule.

In fact, most reputable operators expect exactly the opposite.

They expect offshore leaders to recognize when operational conditions have shifted enough to justify stopping, reassessing, and ensuring everyone involved fully understands the change before work continues.

That expectation is especially true in deepwater operations.

Deepwater projects involve extremely expensive assets, technically complex subsea infrastructure, narrow operational tolerances, and often limited recovery options once something goes wrong. Mistakes offshore are not always simple or easily corrected. A poor decision made in a few seconds can create operational consequences lasting weeks, months, or in some cases permanently impact equipment, schedules, contracts, or personnel safety.

That reality changes how experienced offshore personnel approach decision-making.

In many deepwater environments, there is actually less pressure to "react quickly" and more emphasis placed on reacting correctly.

That distinction matters.

Maintaining Alignment During Operational Change

One of the most important responsibilities offshore leadership has is maintaining alignment between all parties involved during periods of operational change.

That includes:

- Vessel crews
- Client representatives
- Subsea teams
- ROV personnel
- Construction teams

- Drilling personnel
- Marine leadership
- Third-party contractors
- Onshore management
- Logistics support
- Technical specialists

Each of those groups often operates with different priorities, perspectives, and operational pressures.

The vessel may be focused on marine limitations. The client may be focused on project schedule. The contractor may be focused on execution continuity. The technical specialist may be focused on equipment integrity. The offshore supervisor may be balancing all of it simultaneously.

That is why communication becomes one of the most critical leadership tools offshore.

When conditions begin changing quickly, uncertainty spreads quickly as well. If communication breaks down, people begin making assumptions independently — and that is where alignment problems start developing.

Good offshore leadership is often less about giving orders and more about creating operational clarity.

People offshore generally perform very well when expectations, hazards, and priorities are clearly understood. Problems usually begin when assumptions replace communication.

Trust and Contractor Alignment

Another thing experience teaches offshore personnel is that contractor alignment is built long before difficult situations occur.

The strongest offshore teams are usually the teams where mutual respect already exists between operators, contractors, vessel crews, and offshore leadership before operational pressure develops.

Trust matters offshore.

When contractors believe the operator genuinely values safety and operational integrity, they are far more willing to raise concerns early, stop work when necessary, and communicate openly about developing issues.

Likewise, when operators trust the experience and professionalism of offshore contractors, communication becomes faster, cleaner, and far more effective during changing operational conditions.

The offshore industry functions best when everyone understands that safety and operational success are shared responsibilities rather than contractual obligations being pushed between companies.

One of the more dangerous things offshore leadership can do is create an environment where people become afraid to speak up because schedule pressure or perceived expectations begin outweighing operational judgment.

In my experience, most serious offshore incidents rarely happen because nobody recognized the risk.

"Usually someone recognized something. Usually somebody felt uncomfortable. Usually there were warning signs."

The problem is often that operational momentum, schedule pressure, communication breakdowns, or organizational culture prevented those concerns from being fully evaluated before continuing.

That is why experienced offshore personnel place so much emphasis on stopping when necessary and reassessing conditions objectively.

Not because offshore personnel are resistant to progress or operational execution, but because they understand the cost of getting it wrong.

Operational Discipline Is Execution Success

There is also another reality offshore that people outside the industry sometimes fail to recognize.

Operational discipline and safety culture are not separate from execution success.

They are execution success.

The offshore teams that consistently execute safely, efficiently, and successfully over long periods are usually not the teams operating recklessly or forcing momentum under pressure.

They are the teams with strong planning, disciplined communication, experienced personnel, clear operational authority, and leadership willing to slow down long enough to properly evaluate changing conditions before moving forward.

That approach may occasionally cost hours.

Failing to do it correctly can cost months.

Or worse.

Managing Uncertainty — Not Eliminating It

At the end of the day, offshore operations will always involve uncertainty. That is simply the nature of working in deepwater and complex industrial environments.

The goal is not eliminating uncertainty completely.

The goal is building operational cultures, leadership structures, communication pathways, and safety systems capable of managing uncertainty effectively when it inevitably appears.

That is where experience matters most.

Not because experienced personnel never encounter problems offshore, but because they understand how quickly small operational changes can grow into major issues if discipline, communication, and objective decision-making are lost under pressure.

And in offshore operations, maintaining control under pressure is often the difference between a successful operation and a very expensive lesson.